#### EOS from the User Perspective

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#### Overview

- Use case GW data analysis
- Use case BNS merger simulations
- The RePrimAnd library

Example: GW170817 LVK model selection study

- Model GW170817 assuming 24 different EOS
- Direct use of tabulated nuclear physics EOS
- Not using parametrized EOS
- Compute Bayes factors from GW signal
- Predict remnant properties (total baryonic mass)

LIGO Scientific Collaboration, Virgo Collaboration, Model comparison from LIGO–Virgo data on GW170817's binary components and consequences for the merger remnant, CQG 37, 045006 (2020)

Example: GW170817 LVK model selection study

- Mostly hadronic, cold, beta-equilibrium EOS
- Main requirement: sequences of non-rotating NSs
  - Tidal deformability
  - Gravitational mass
  - Baryonic mass
- Also useful
  - Central density (to interpret EOS constraints)
  - Radius (for computing radius posteriors)
  - Moment of inertia
  - Uniformly rotating sequences at Kepler limit

First problem: getting and using tables

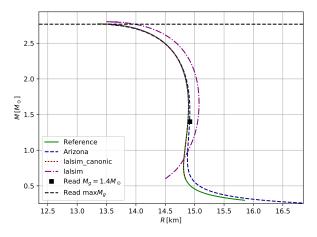
- Tables provided in different formats
  - CompOSE, Arizona collection, generator code, ...
- Each tool has its own formats and conventions
  - RNS, Lorene, TOV solvers, LIGO's LAL suite, ...
- Inofficial tables in each format
- Metadata scattered in different places
- Sources are simple webpages
  - Data might change, bad for reproducability
  - Can cite only EOS papers, not data
- Ambiguous naming, different variants

Second problem: ensure quality

- Many tables include causality-violating parts
- Some EOS not even causal up to maximum mass NS
- Raw sources sometimes sampled too coarsely
- May contain isolated points that are faulty
- Wildly varying low density cutoffs
- Need to extend to zero density to determine NS surface

Second problem: ensure quality

- Need to interpolate EOS
- Need to preserve monotonicity+adiabaticity
- Radius and tidal deformability can become ambiguous



# Use case BNS merger simulations

- Need barotropic EOS for initial data (typically cold + beta-equilibrium)
- Require thermal and composition for GR(M)HD simulation
- Additional microphysics when including neutrinos

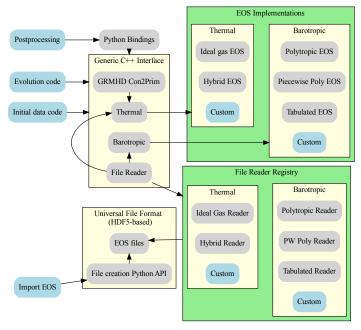
## Use case BNS merger simulations

- Evolving mass, energy, and momentum densities
- Need EOS in terms of  $(\rho, \epsilon, Y_e)$
- All schemes need P and c<sub>snd</sub>
- Some schemes also  $\partial P / \partial \rho, \partial P / \partial \epsilon$ 
  - Derivatives problematic for many primitive recovery schemes
  - New scheme in RePrimAnd library not using derivatives
- Hybrid EOS
  - Semi-analytic ad-hoc construct  $P(
    ho,\epsilon)$
  - Entropy and temperature ambiguous, rarely used
  - Composition relevant even without neutrino physics

## Use case BNS merger simulations

- Available tables use  $(\rho, T, Y_e)$
- Direct use requires inefficient conversion  $T \leftrightarrow \epsilon$
- Need EOS to include zero temperature
- Violating causality has consequences, e.g.,
  - Cauchy initial value problem not well-posed
  - Some expressions in numerical evolution can become NAN
  - Uniqueness proof for Con2Prim breaks down
- Need to get rid of isolated faulty points

- Support library for numerical relativity
- Primitive variable recovery for GRMHD
- Generic EOS framework
  - Barotropic EOS
  - EOS with thermal + composition
- Standalone C++ library
- New: Python language bindings
- Public release https://github.com/wokast/RePrimAnd/tree/v1.0
- Code archived on Zenodo and citeable via DOI http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4075317
- Does NOT include EOS collection



- Thermal EOS interface
  - Independent variables  $(\rho, \epsilon, Y_e)$
  - Provides validity range
  - Provides  $P, c_{snd}, \partial P / \partial \rho, \partial P / \partial \epsilon$
  - Optionally, may provide s, T
  - Optionally, also allow independent variables (p, T, Y<sub>e</sub>)
- Geared towards numerical relativity simulations
- Python interface supports postprocessing

Barotropic EOS interface

- Geared towards initial data and evolution
- Mandatory validity down to zero density
- Two parametrizations using  $\rho$  and H

$$\log(H) \equiv \int_0^P \frac{dP'}{
ho(P')h(P')}$$

Pseudo enthalpy

- H useful for initial data codes
- Provides  $P, \epsilon, h, c_{snd}, H(\rho), \rho(H)$
- Optionally T, Y<sub>e</sub>
- Metadata: isentropic ? cold ?
- Python interface supports analysis and postprocessing

EOS types already in public repository

- Polytropic
- Piecewise polytropic
- Tabulated barotropic
- Hybrid thermal part (any barotropic EOS as cold part)
- Classical ideal gas (for testing)

Ongoing development

- Fully tabulated 3-parametric EOS
- Extend interface?
- EinsteinToolkit integration
- Include TOV solver (+tidal deformability)
- Include pure-hydro primitive recovery
- More unit tests
- Spectral cold EOS
- Automatic HTML EOS overview creation