

# Gamma-ray background study for future Compton-telescope missions using COSI flight data

*INTEGRAL x AHEAD, 14<sup>th</sup> Feb., Geneva*

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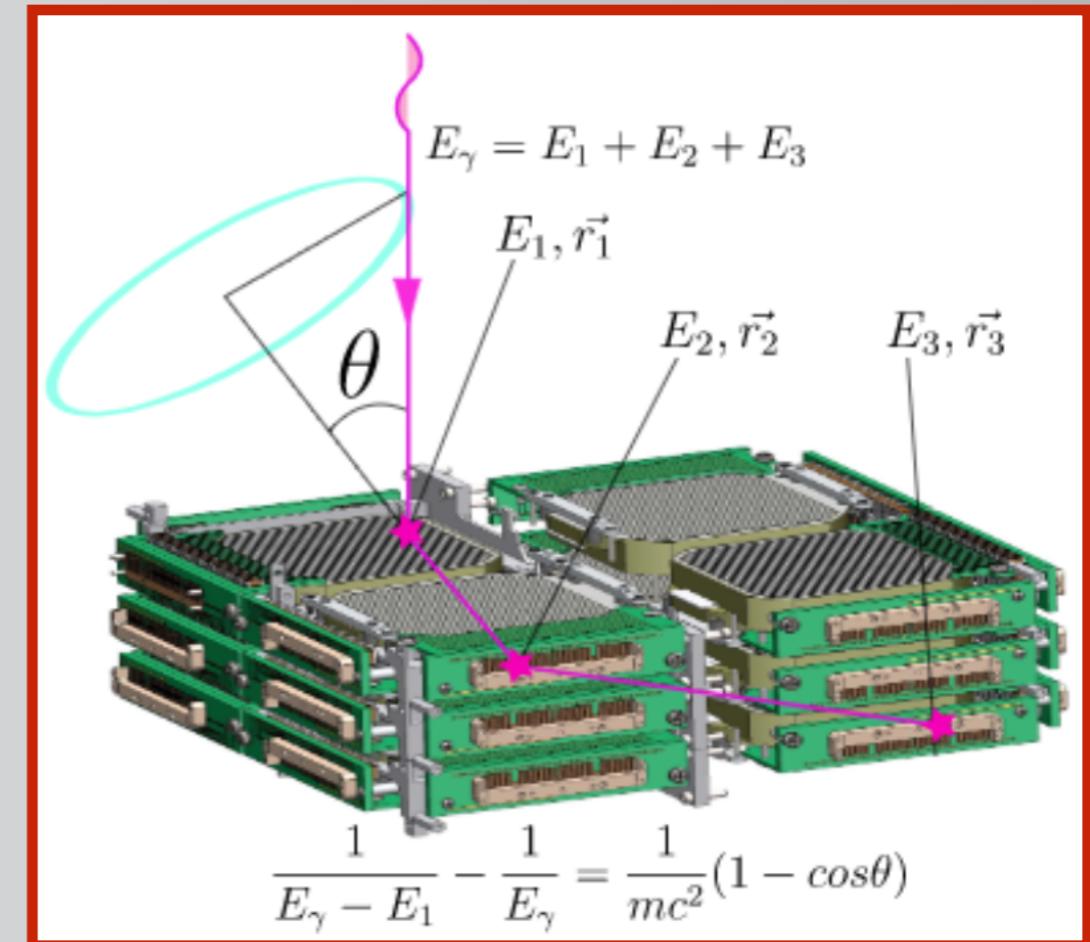
<sup>2</sup>UCD, Dublin,

UCB, LBNL, Berkley

NTHU & NCU, Taiwan

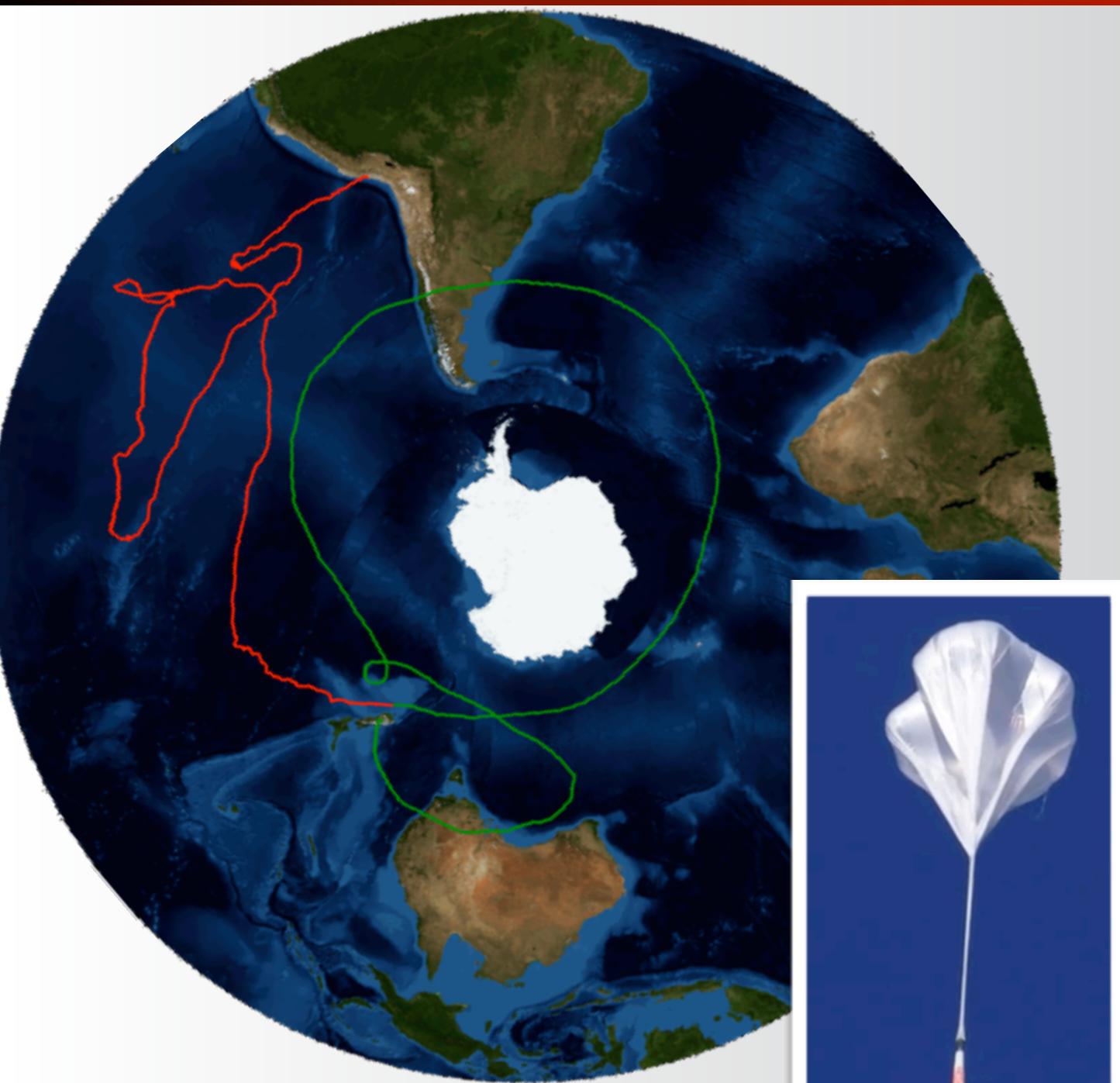
# COSI Instrument

- Balloon-borne telescope: 0.2 - 10. MeV
- Ge cross-strip detectors (GeDs)
- 12 GeD: 8x8 cm<sup>2</sup> x 1.5 cm
- GeD: 37 x 2 mm strips / 0.25 mm gaps
- Controlled cryostat
- ACS: CsI panels
- Electronics + balloon gondola

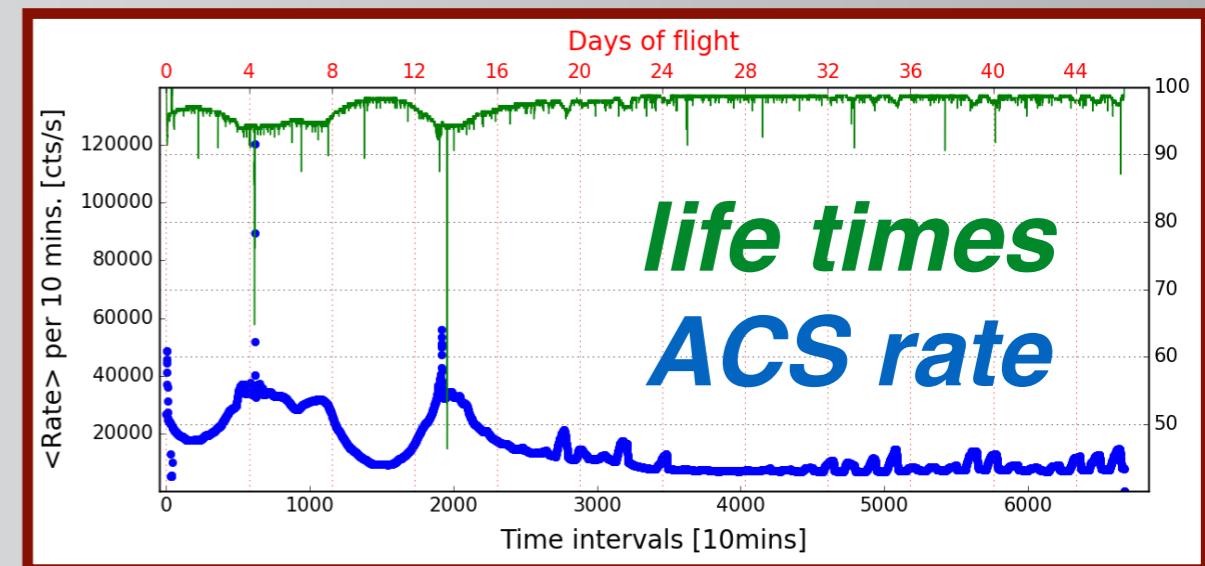
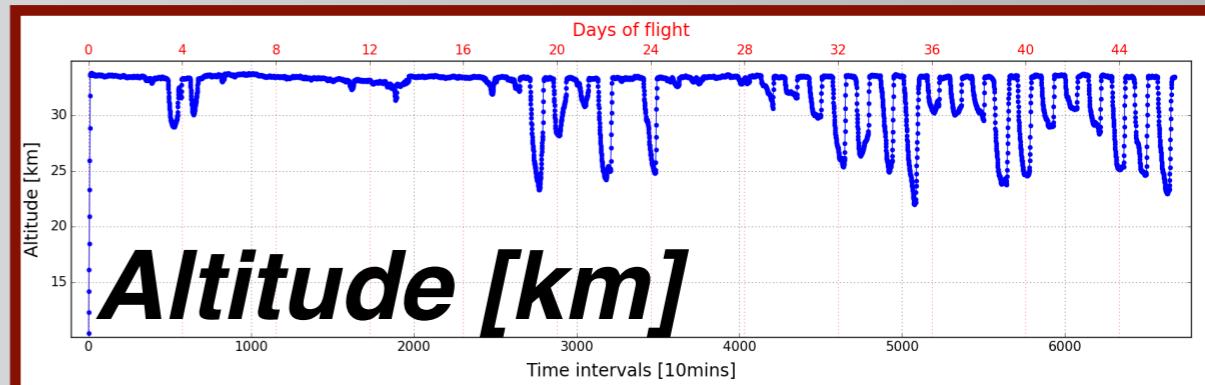


- Energy res: 1.5-3.0 keV FWHM
- Angular res: up to ~4° FWHM
- Field-of-view: almost 1/4 of sky
- X/Y res: 2. mm or less
- Depth-of-int: ~0.2 mm RMS

# *cOSI Flight 2016*

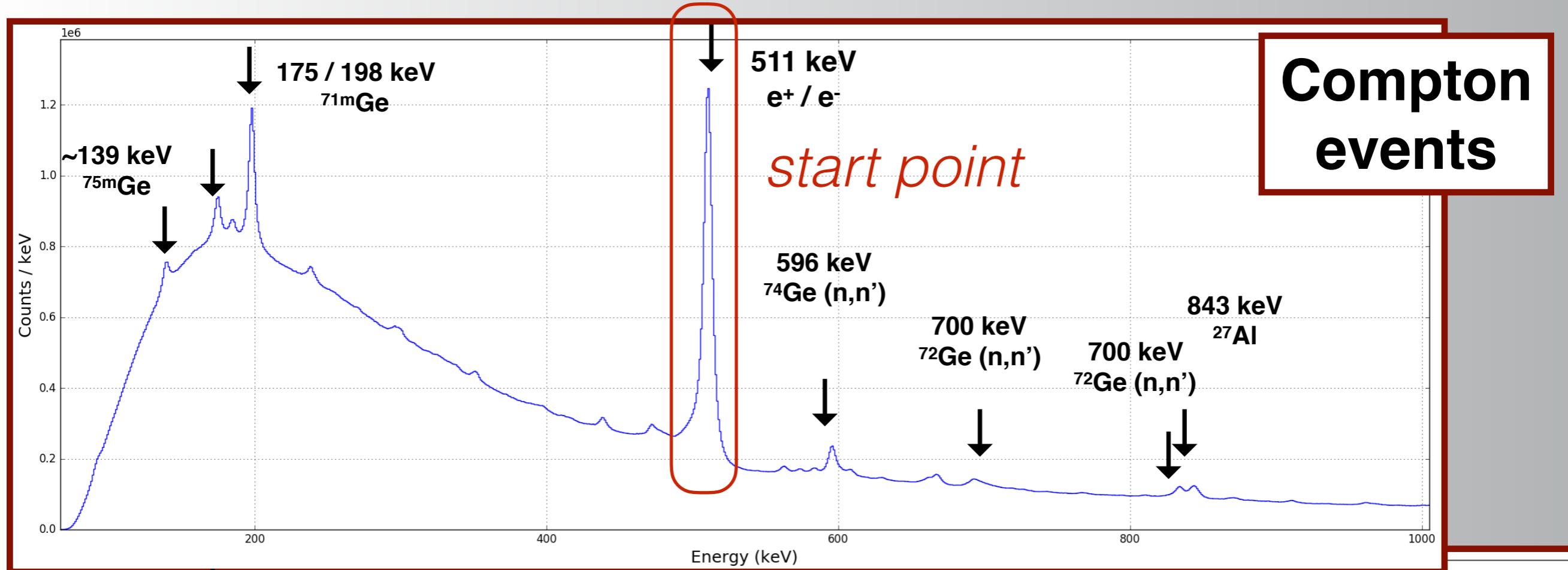


16 May- 2. July 2016  
46 days of data

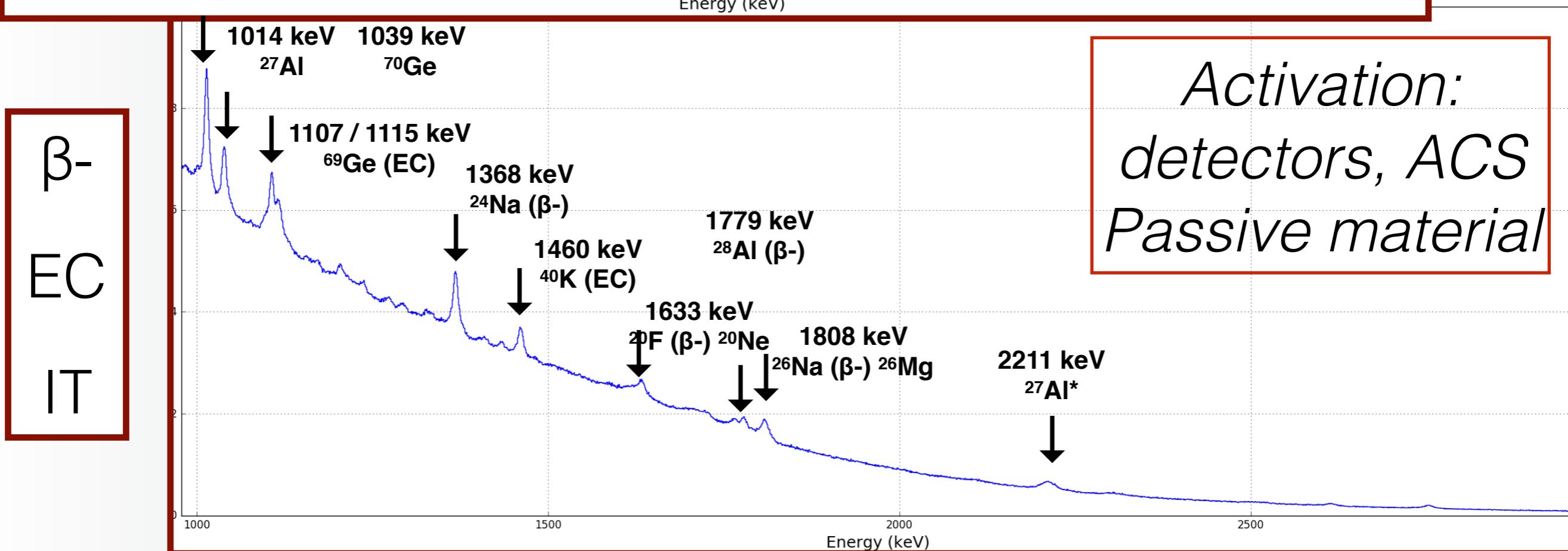


**Detected events**  
*(E, interaction location)*  
**Geolocation** (*lat, lon, alt*)  
**Instrument orientation**  
*(galactic, horizon)*  
**Shield rate, life times...**

# Integrated energy spectrum



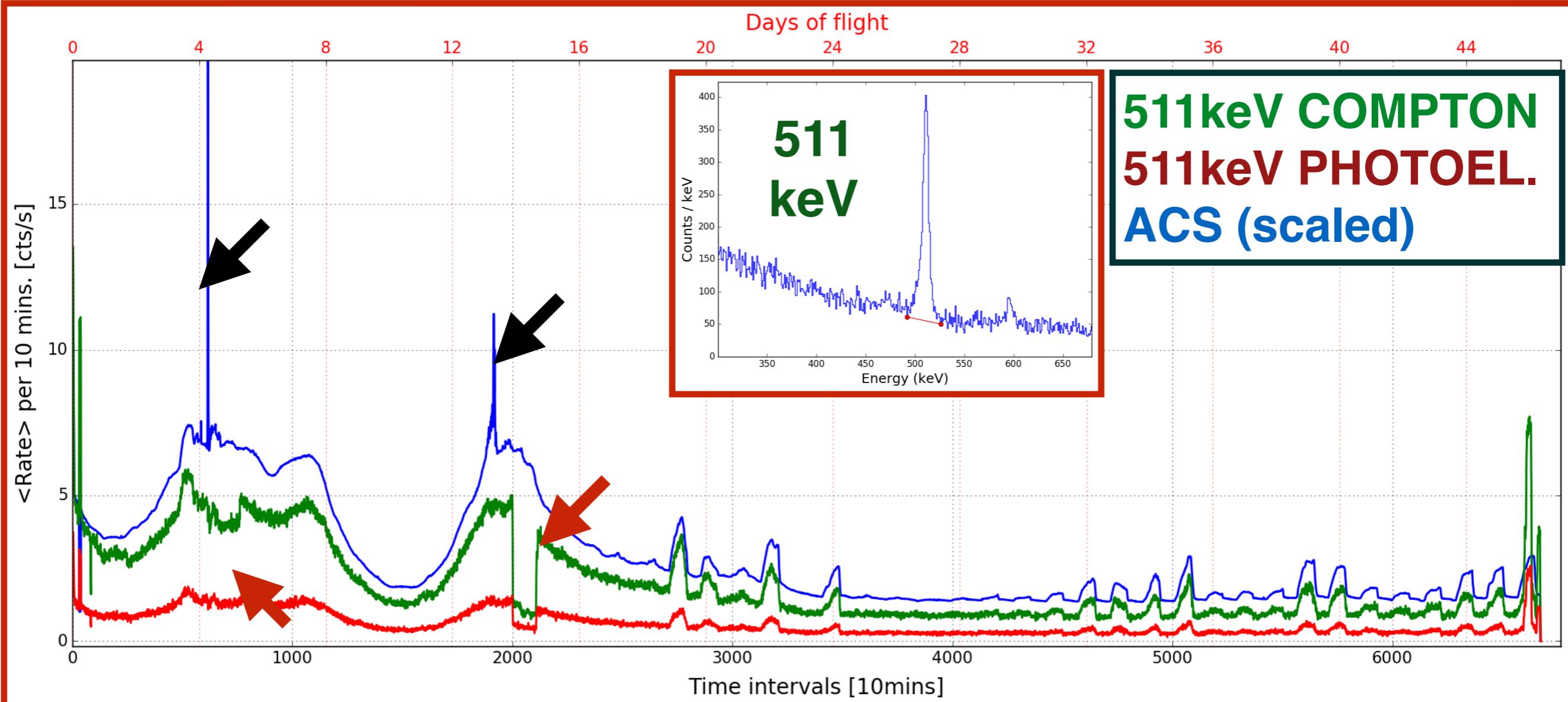
Compton events



$\beta^-$   
EC  
IT

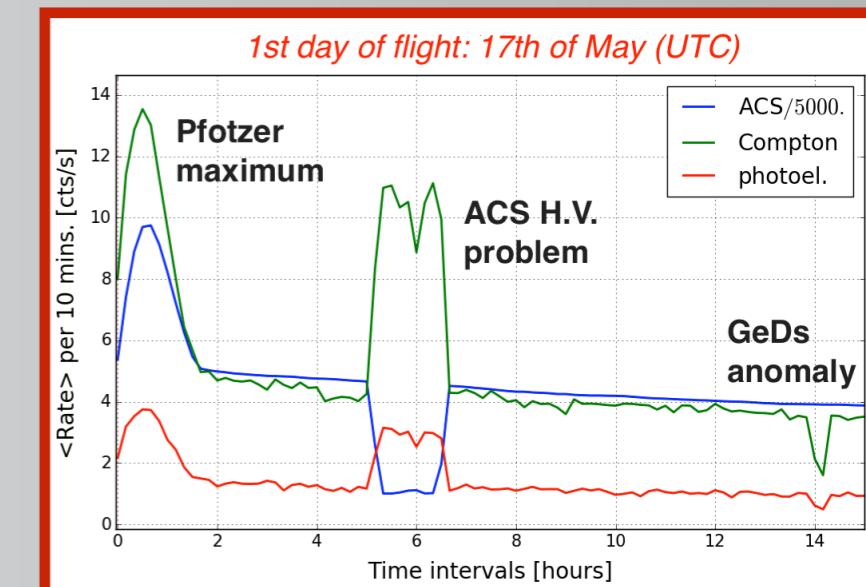
Activation:  
detectors, ACS  
Passive material

# 511 keV rate



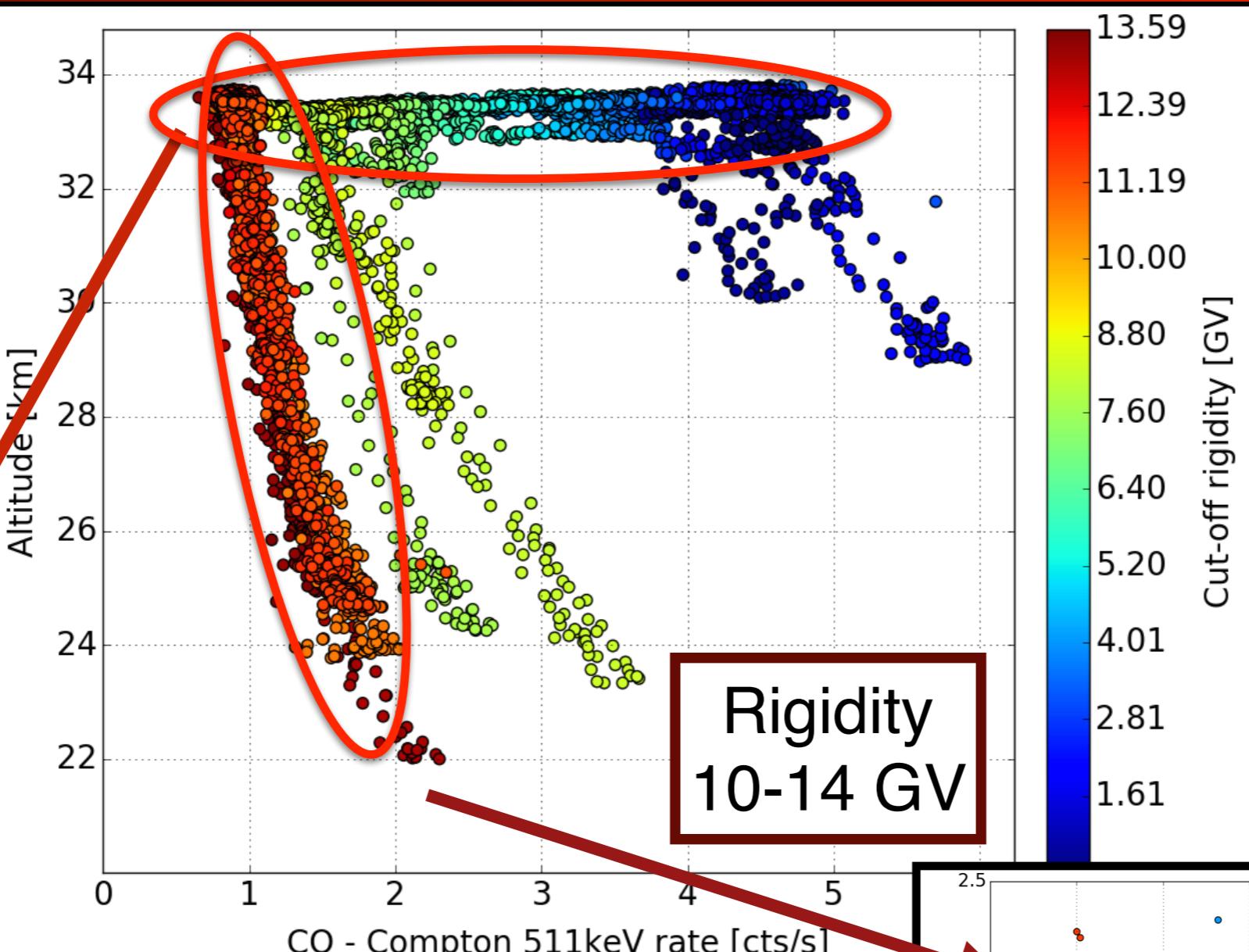
511 keV rate ~

- **DREP**
- **GeDs ON/OFF**
- **Altitude**
- **Launch**

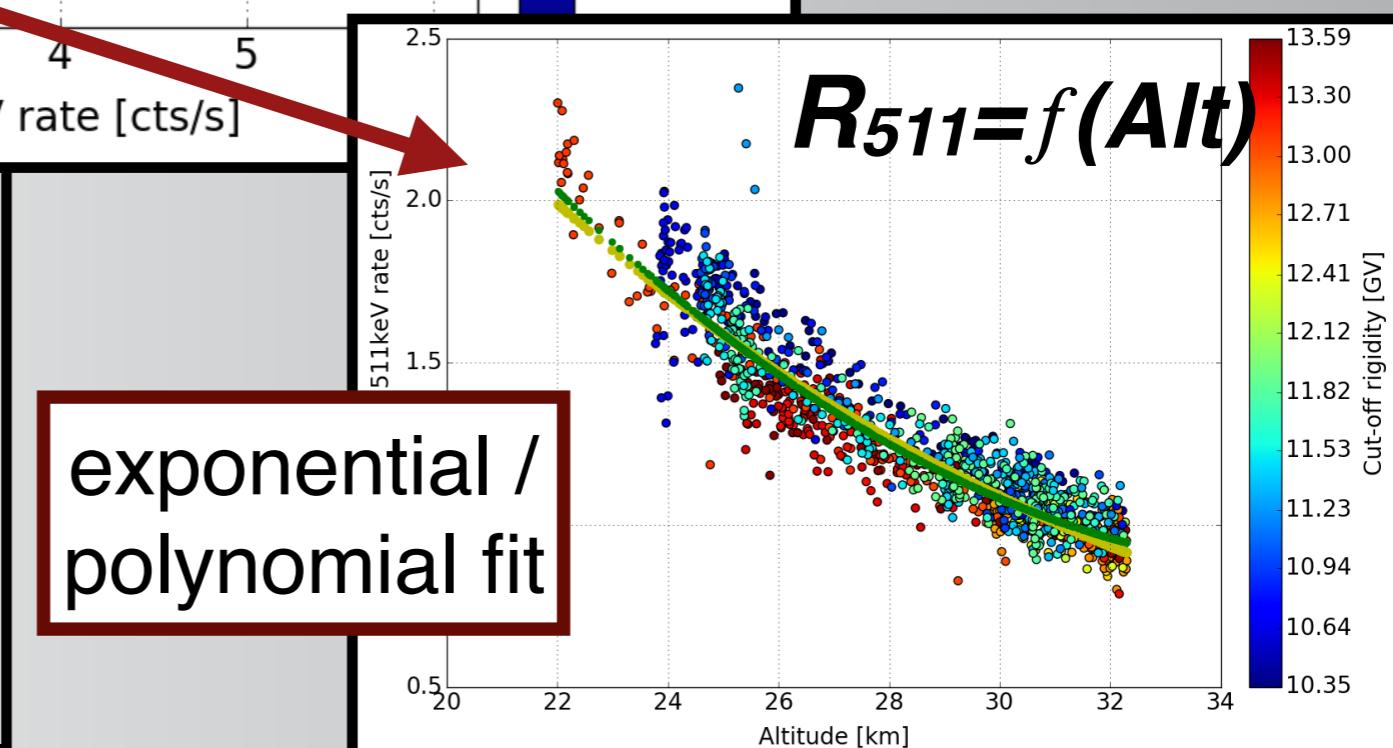
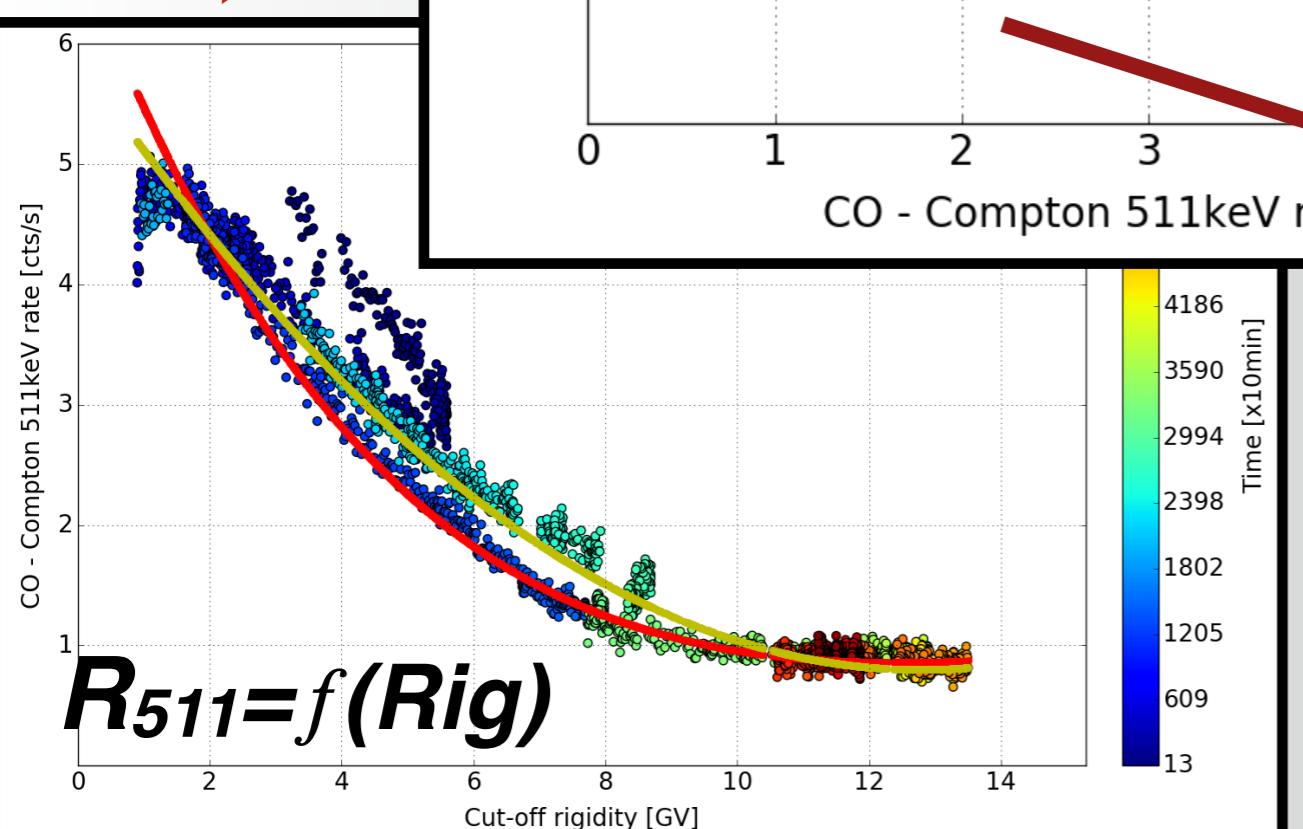


# 511 keV atmospheric model

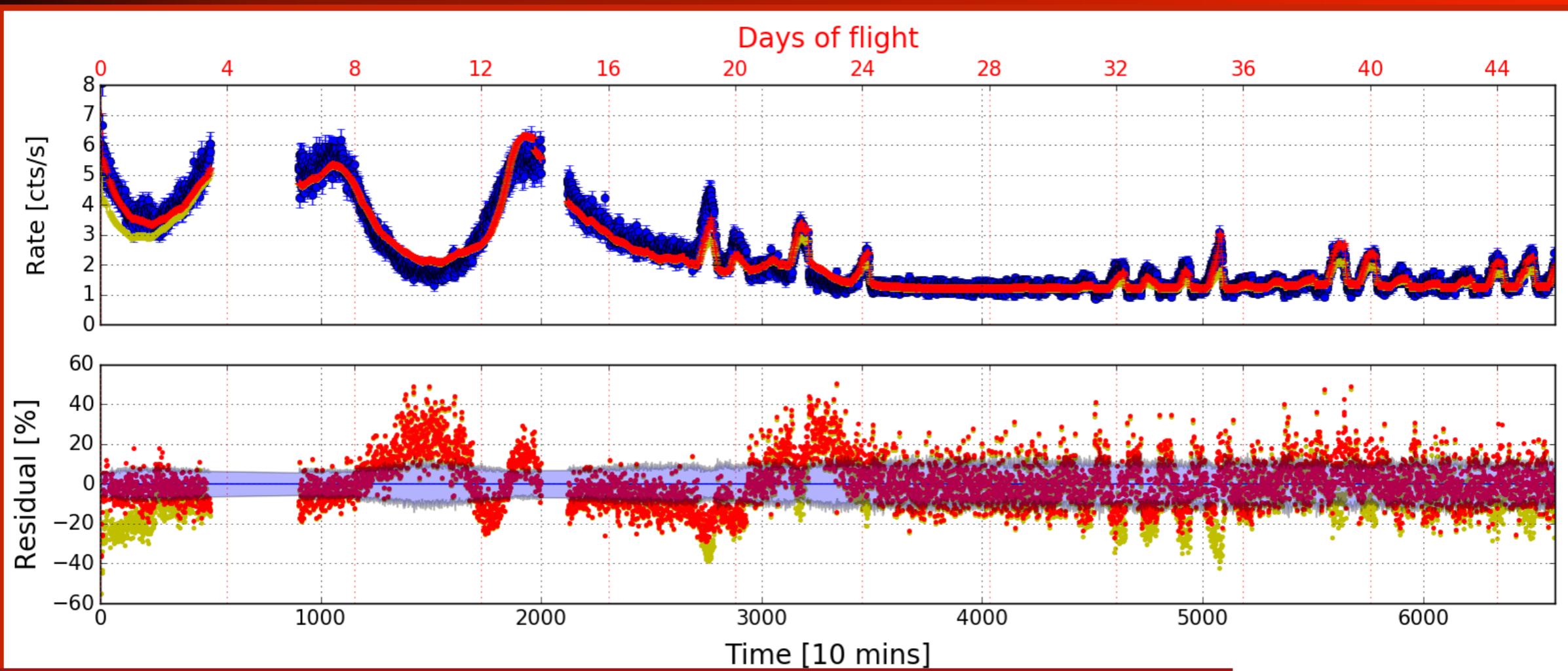
Max Altitude  
33-34 km



511 Rate  
~  
Altitude  
~  
Rigidity  
(2016)



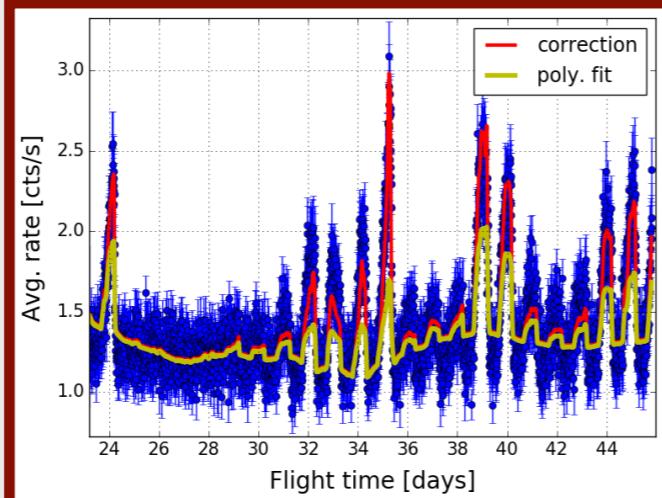
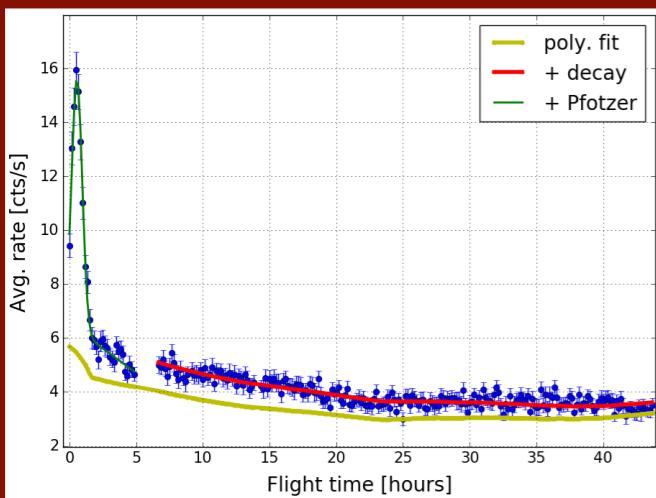
# 511 keV atmospheric model



$$Poly\_2[x(t)] + a \cdot e^{kt} + a' \cdot e^{k't} + b \cdot e^{-q \cdot Alt}$$

$$x(t) = Altitude(t) \times Rigidity(t)$$

<fit res.>  $\leq 9\%$

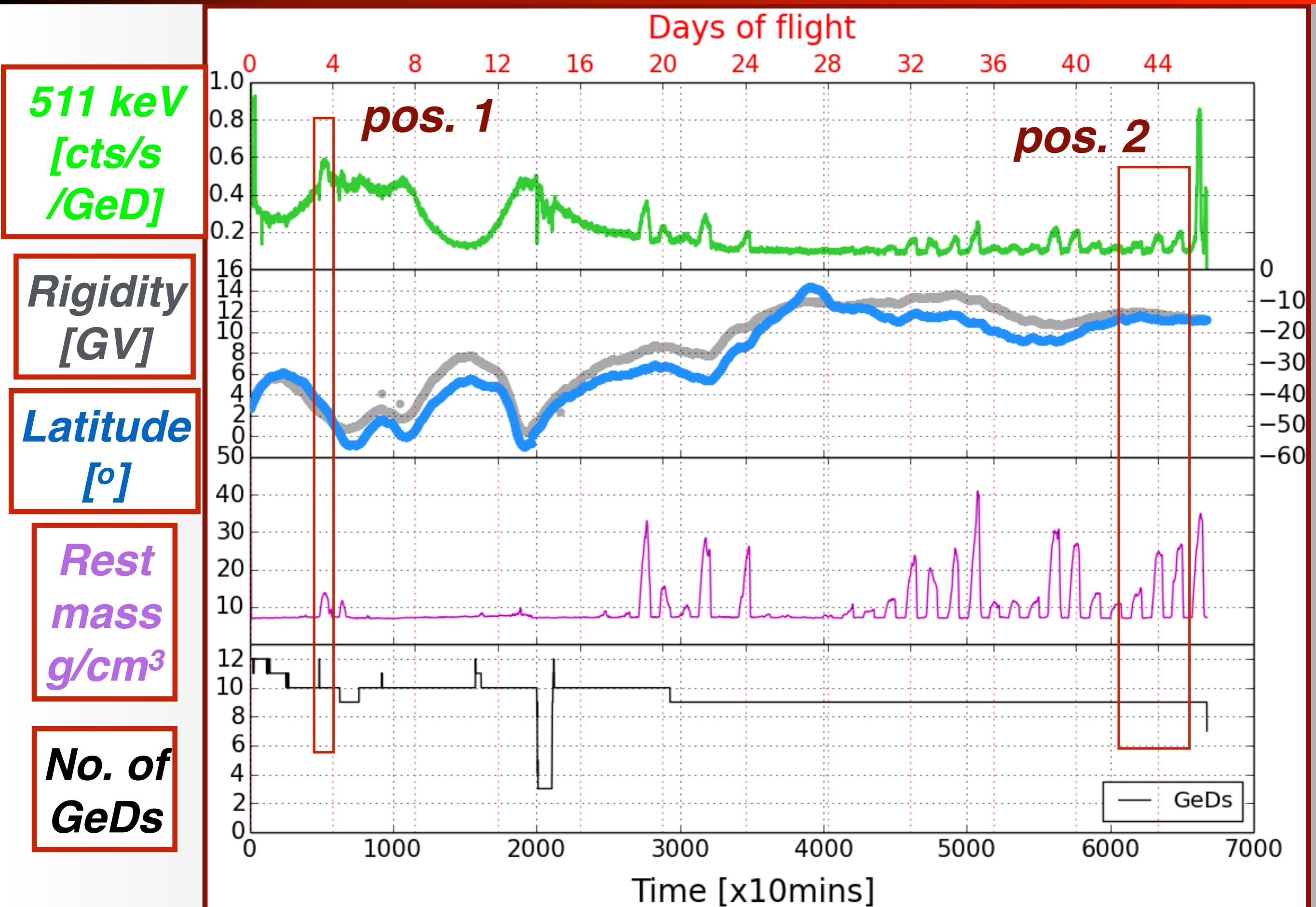


Other lines: 138, 198, 596 keV

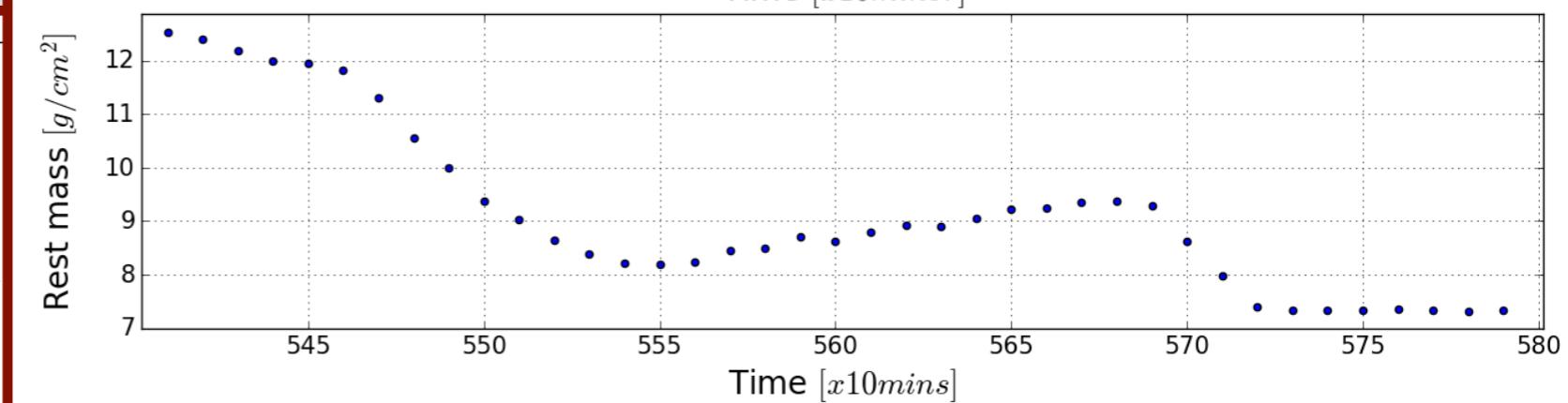
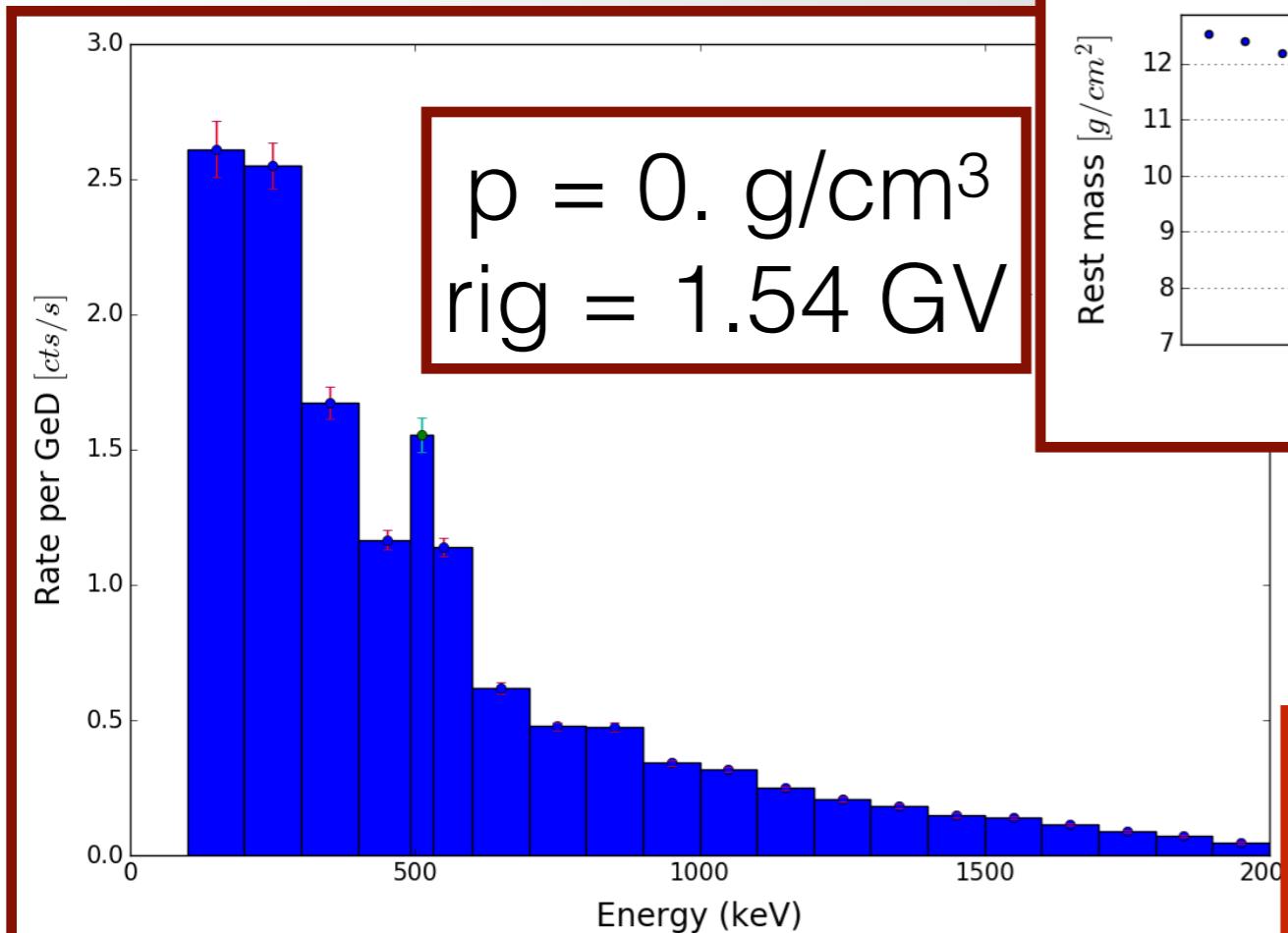
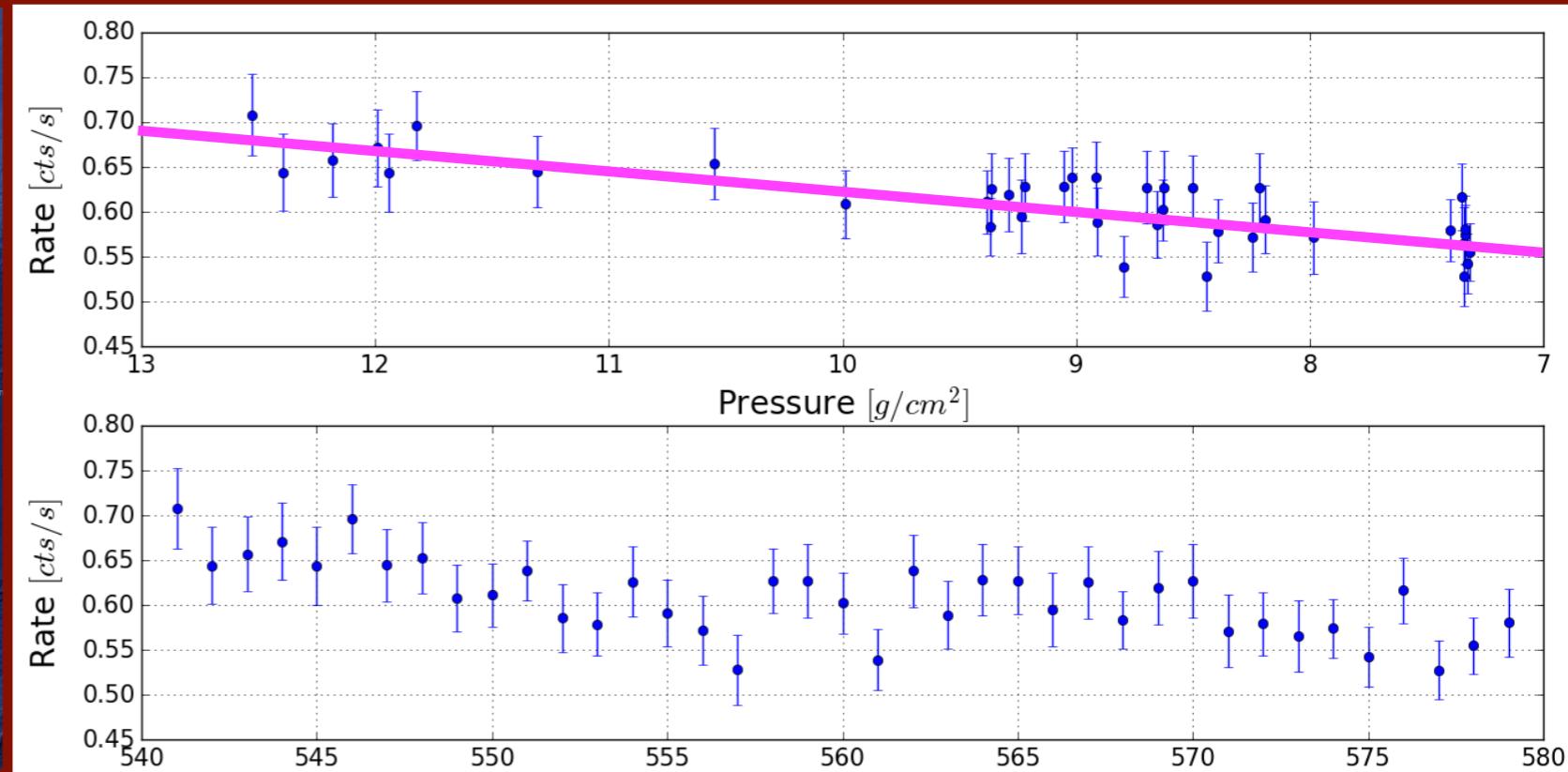
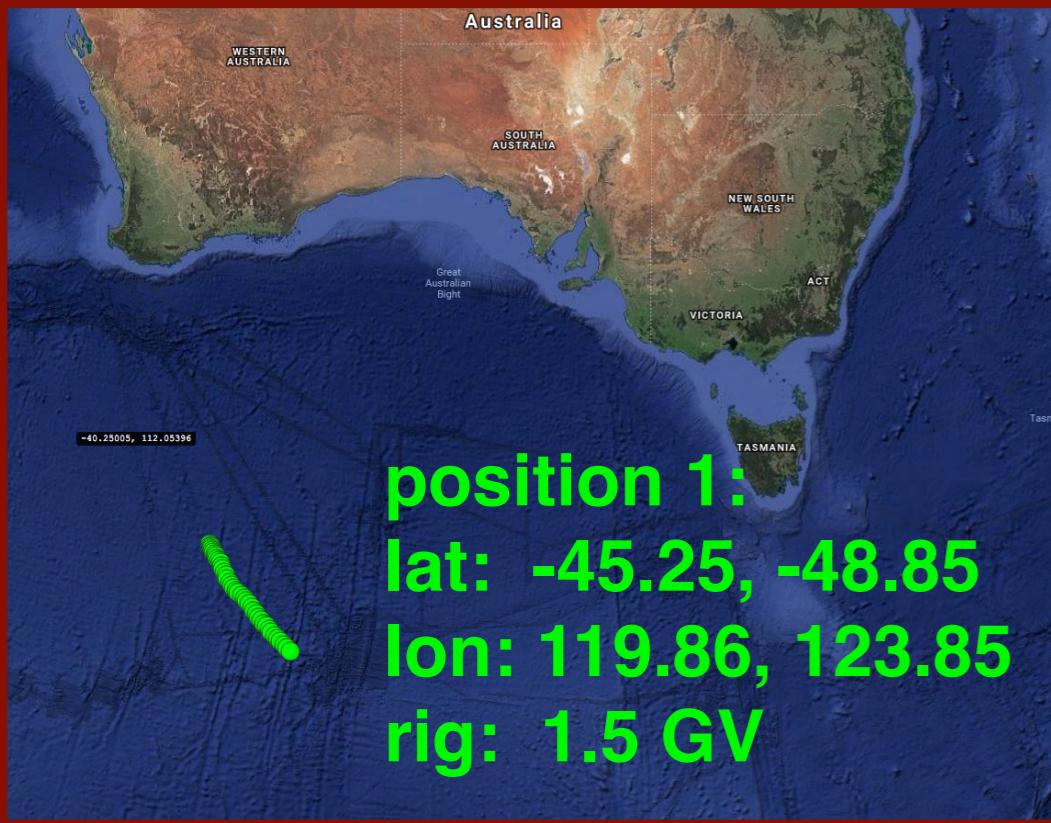
Continuum: 0.1 - 2.5 MeV

$\Delta E = 100, 200\dots$  keV

# Going outside the atmosphere



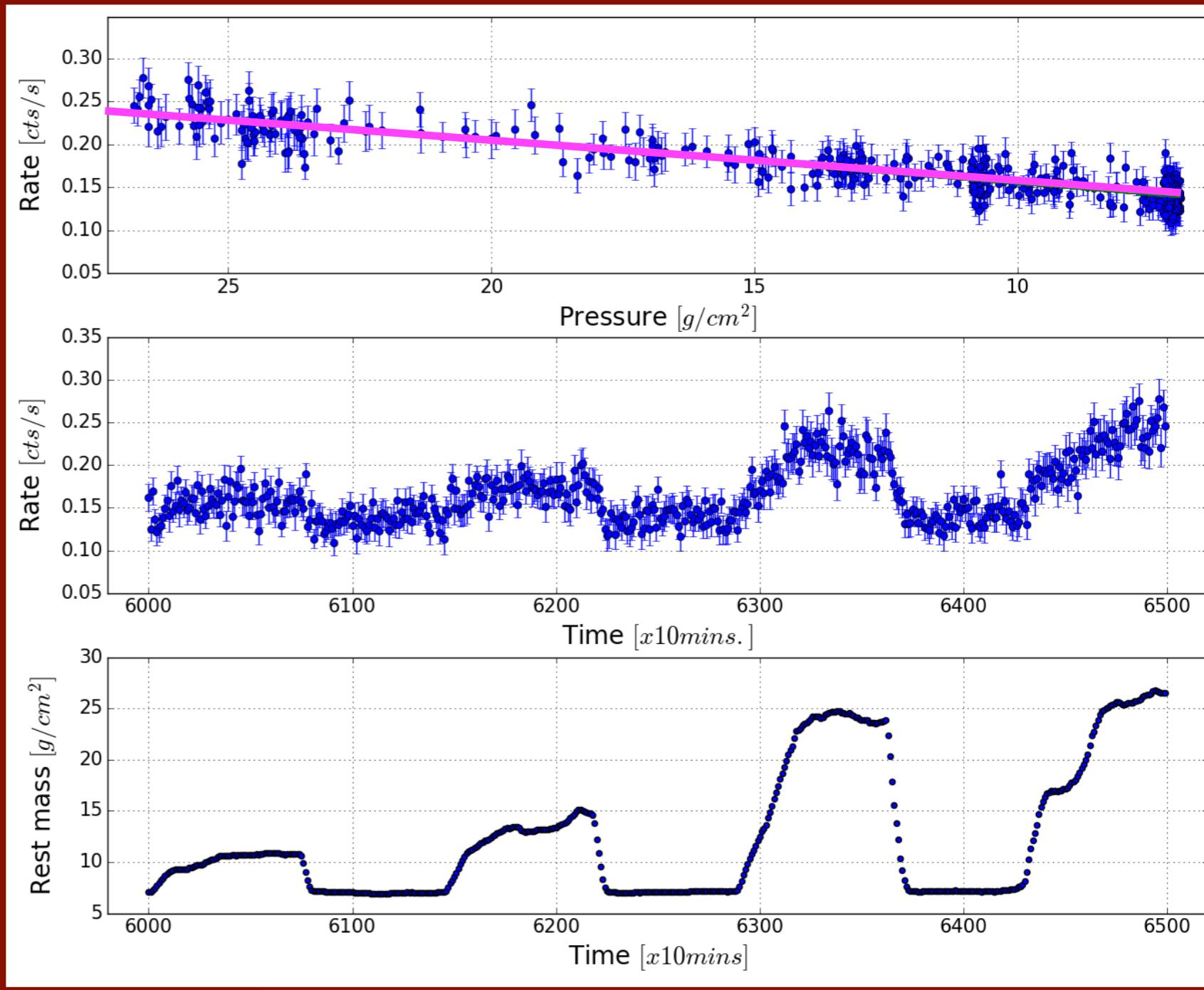
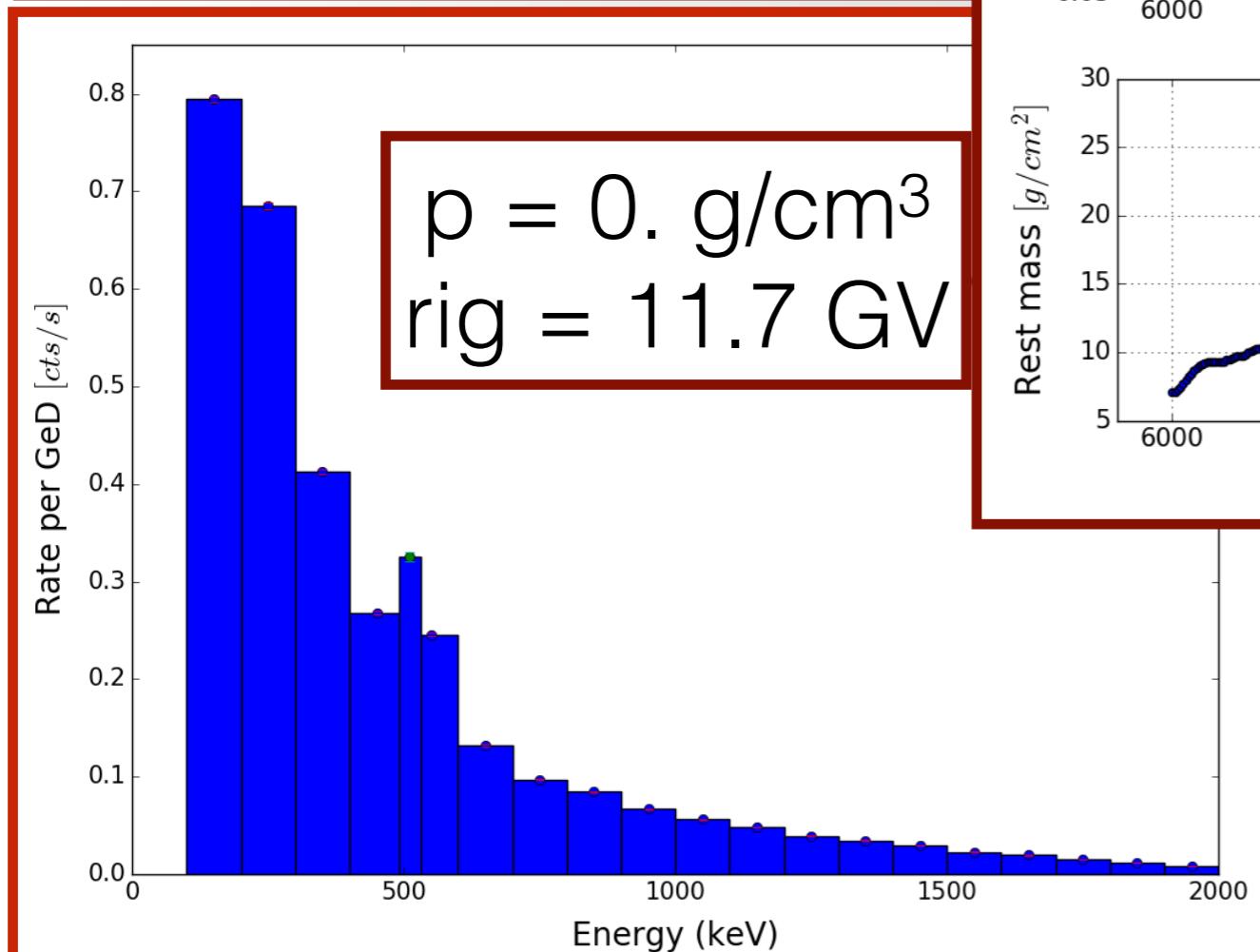
# Example 1: low cut-off rigidity



$$\text{Rate} [\text{cts}/\text{s}/\text{GeV}] = 0.402(028) + 0.022(003) \times \text{rest mass} [\text{g}/\text{cm}^3]$$

Same for  $\Delta E = 100 \text{ keV}$  in 0.1-2 MeV  
1  $p_0$  point per  $\Delta E$  per rigidity

# Example 2: tilted equatorial LEO

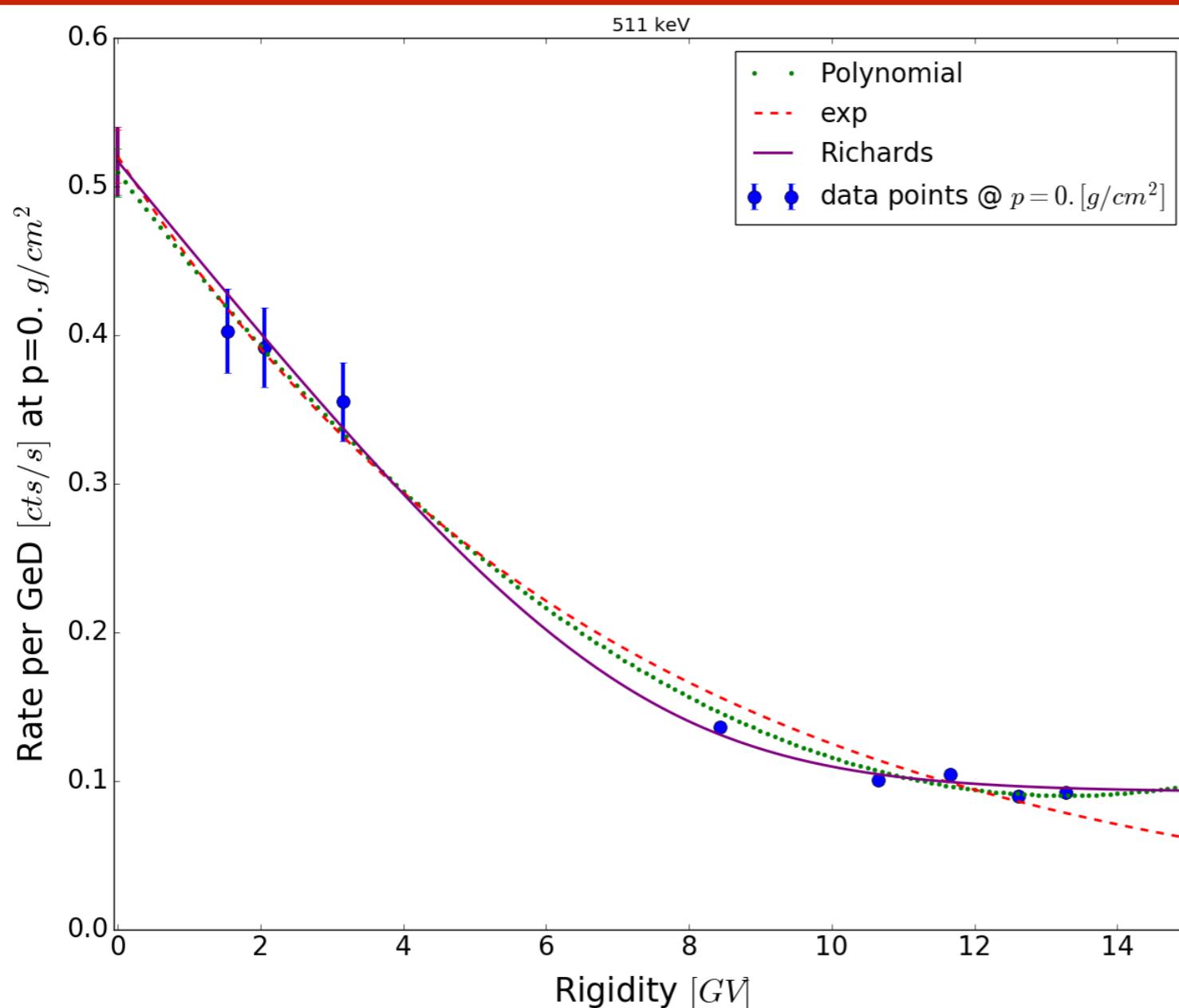


**Rate** [cts/s/GeD] = **0.104(001)** +  
**0.0050(0001) x rest mass** [ $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ ]

Angled equatorial LEO

# Going further...

- We have background spectra at  $p=0$ . [ $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ ] for different intervals of cut-off rigidity [GV]
- We can expand the model even further, extrapolating to cut-off rigidity = 0. GV → approximate an L2 orbit



## 511 keV data points:

Rate [ $\text{cts}/\text{s}/\text{GeV}$ ]  
@  $p=0.$   $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$   
@ rigidity (1.5, 2, ...)

Multiple fit functions:

**Polynomial (2nd)**

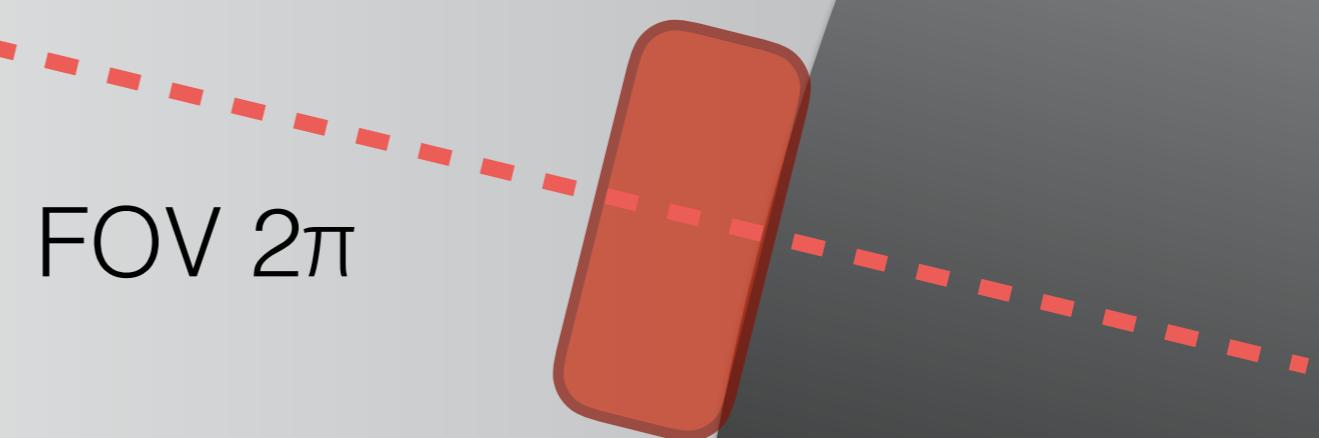
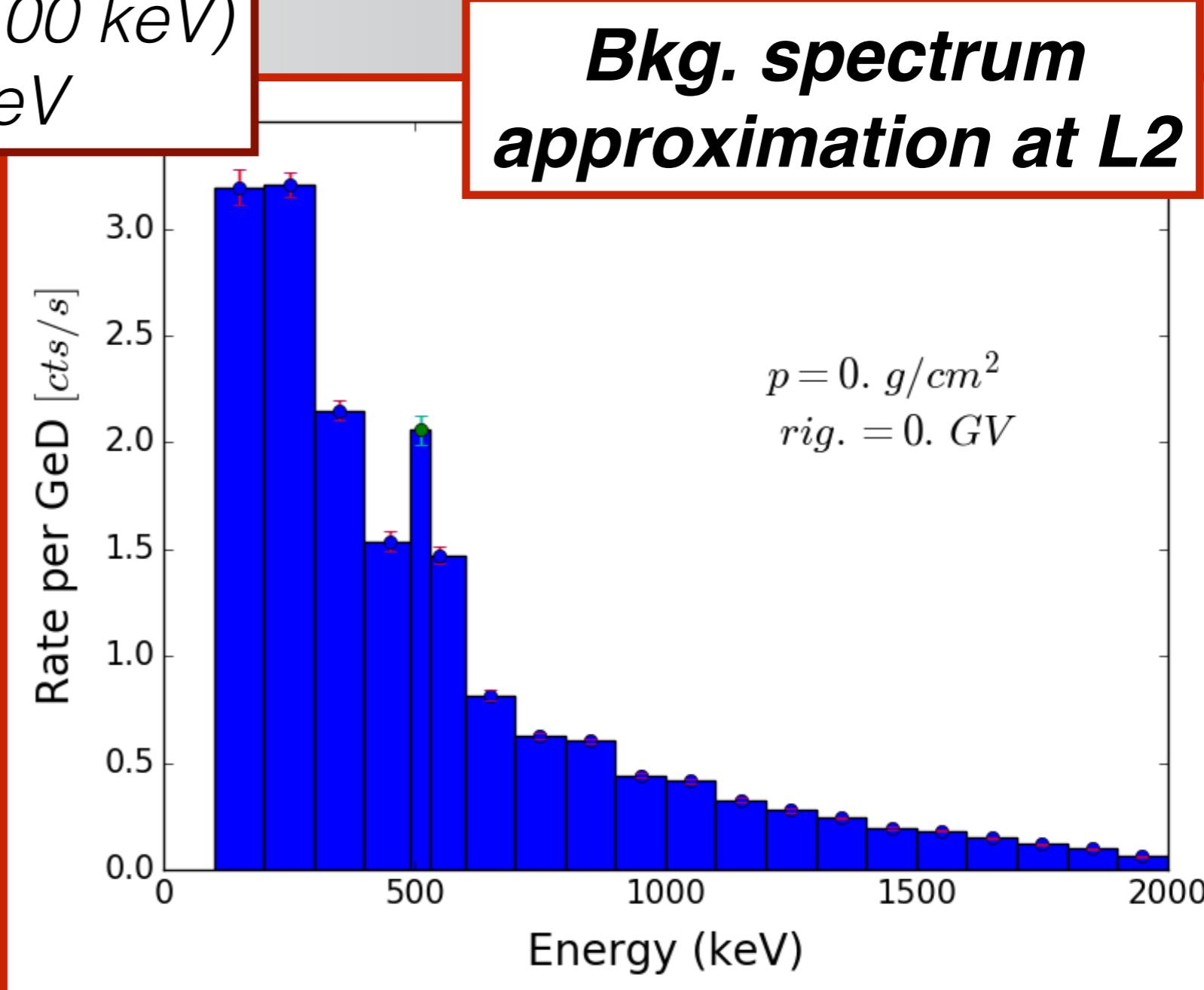
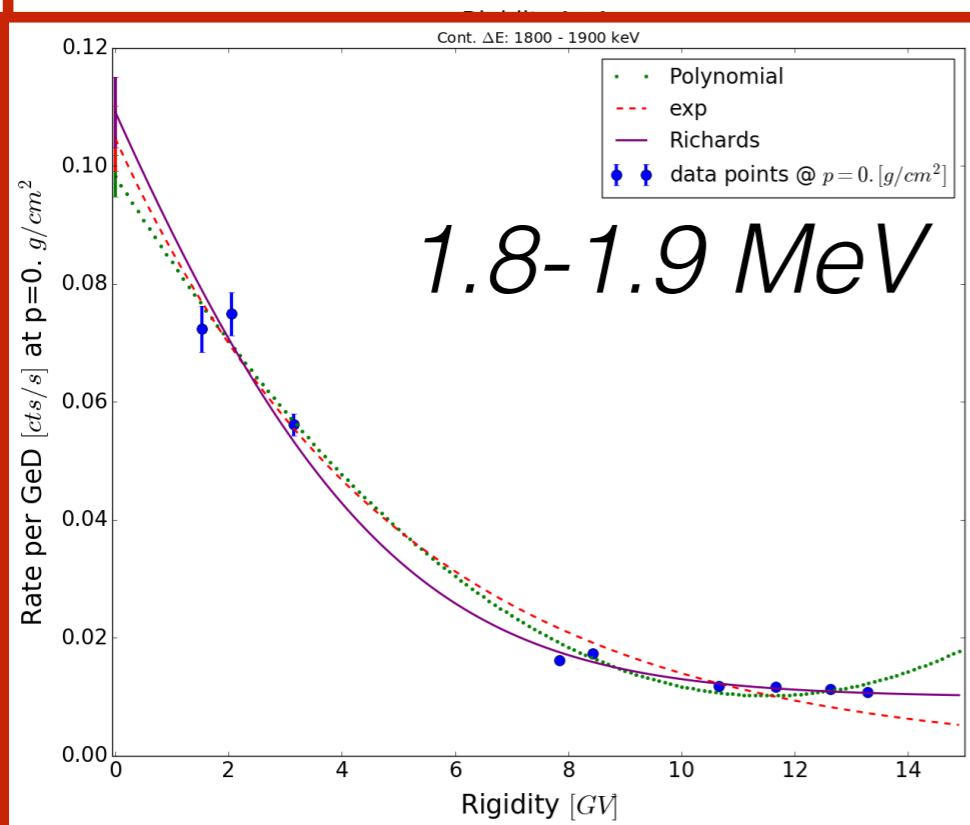
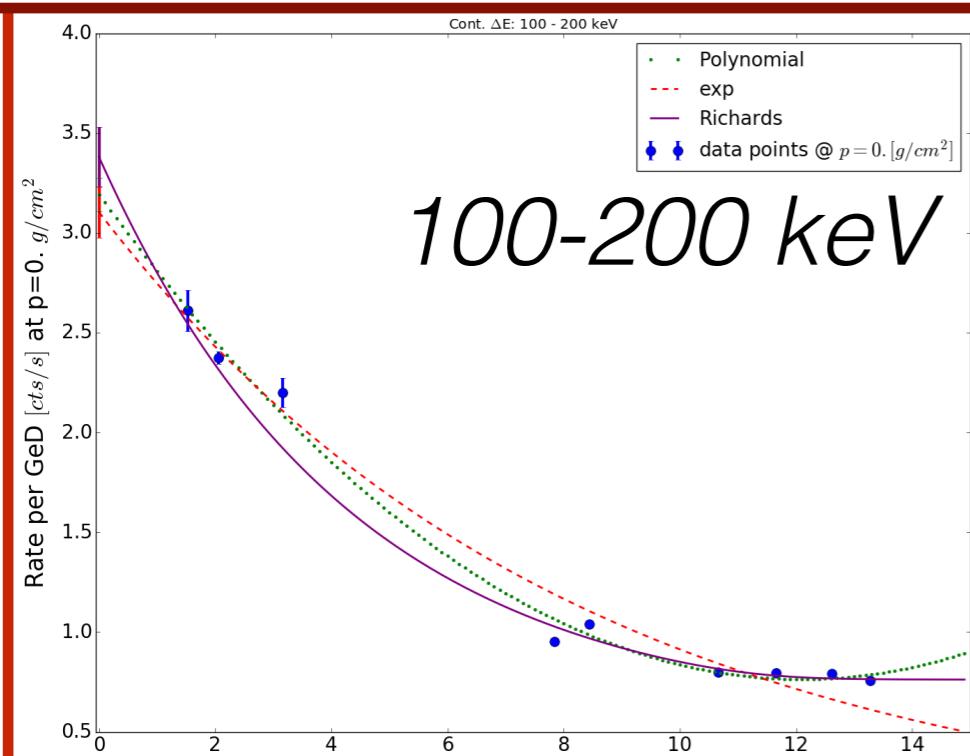
**Exponential**

**Richards' curve**

**(Logistic function)**

# L2 orbit approximation

Continuum bands ( $\Delta E = 100$  keV)  
Between 0.1 - 2. MeV



*Thank you*